time, and there will be many who will appreciate the epportunity which has if there was the proper cooperation. omething regarding the operations of the rus and electrical department. All those who are therefore interested in the plant who are desirous of its being a suctendance at tonight's meeting for the purpose of learning what advantagen would be gained by having this as well as other municipally. as other municipally ewned public utili-ics placed under the same state control

it is going to be a benefit to the rity and if we are going to be able to get information about it which cannot ebtained in any other way the opposition to the legislation is not likely to be endorsed. If there is going to be no adantage opposition will doubtlers be sanctioned. The meeting promises to be an interesting one and should be well at-

THE WRONG IDEA.

their future home if they find conditions agreeable. There are these who are attracted here by the promise of large pay, loaded vehicles and the expense which is relief from temporary conditions at entailed, it is felt that the increased burners in order country for the purpose of making it home and who intend to stay only as long as they can amass sufficient wealth to make them comfortable for the rest of their lives back in the country they

It is perfectly evident that they have not been Americanized. So far as known they have not come under any such in They have apparently devoted their whole attention to stacking away the dollars and indications are that they have been more than thrifty, but having those who are going to Florida are in mind all the time the return to Russia. regardless of the contrast between the two countries, when they had piled up a ient amount of funds.

Whether these people could have been interested in remaining in this country and whether they are aliens who would have proved a benefit to the nation by known, but whenever such large numbers ther than the allied viewpoint. cturn to the old country it cannot fall to be realized that there is a great big pportunity for getting the worthy imget here and contributing somethink to of delays. the country instead of deveting their whole attention to setting something out

BASED ON THE FACTS.

When the railroads maintain in the asking for the ending of the national agreements that the purpose is to put an and to waste it will have to be admitted that it is a landable undertaking. Still the railroad labor board did not feel that was justified in proceeding on such a broad matter without being fully informed regarding it and having a chance to determine whether it was possible for others to consider it in the same light.

It doesn't make any difference where it is, whether it is in government activ-nies, the running of rallroads or the management of much lesser responsibilities retting rid of waste is desirable, and by

the good of all concerned.

If the water department isn't opposed the state of Cosmecticut has made an application agreements that they are responsible for the gas and a 'extrical department show the waste, and as those agreements concern labor it is to be inferred that the roads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the roads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which they deem unbusidant to be inferred that the coads are forced to expenditures which the coads are forced to expend the coads are f

roads being held to agreements which can be shown to produce waste, and ever more than labor is concerned for every

question and he agreed to submit it to have been unable to agree upon other the people through a special council meeting.

Difficulties have been encountered in finding out certain things concerning the local lighting plant. While the chilm who stand for better health condition. If has been made that the court of common council necessars the authority if descrit. council possesses the authority it doesn't are shouldering the burden of this work that it has made use of it or the federal forces should extend to them appear that it has made use of it or been able to accomplish much under it in the past. Conditions concerning our lighting plant have been such that the sist in meeting the situation and apparpeople who own it have not feit they ould find out what they believe they are rass those who are assuming the responentitled to know about it.

That feeling has continued for a long and endangers the city and country much

BEARING THE BURDEN.

There is hardly a section of the coun outcome of the legislation in New York tion is being urged with a view, it would ities placed under the same state control and supervision as are privately owned plants, and to let it be known whethey they believe the legislation should be set their damage.

Most every state feels the need of getting larger revenue from the autémo-biles and a different method of taking the motor vehicles has been suggested in htis state, in which the big auto-trucks are taxed more heavily than the

There doesn't appear to be any effort made to depreciate the service that is furnished by the auto truck. It rendered important service during the war in helping to speed up transportation and it is still doing much transportation between There are those who come into this $n_{\rm X}$ well as in cities, and the tendency is country for the purpose of making it to increase the number of the large

by the party of 208 Russians who are to regardless of the cost and regardless of the country cannot be reckened the fact that it would be catering to one from a standpoint of the recal value means of transportation to the detriment. amount of \$250,000. They have been in of others. Whether it can put through

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The special council meeting tenight should be a record one in point of at tendance for the year.

It is a mistake to imagine that all to be members of the cabinet.

If the new discovery in connection with the X-ray is what it is claimed for it the world will have accasion to rejoice.

When Germany makes that generous reparation offer, it can be taken for remaining and becoming citizens is not granted it will be from the German re-

Mall carrying sirplanes continue to opportunity for getting the worthy im-migrants interested in staying after they mg death and destruction to say nothing

> From his experiences on a house m Florida waters, Mr. Harding is getting ome points on how not to run an adminlatration.

The man on the corner says: It doesn't look as if the winter was going to be cold enough for some of us to wear our high shoes.

The danger to this country from the disease atricken sections of Europe is glaringly revealed by the cases found on steamships bringing immigrants.

Those marines who raided a newspa per office in Nicaragua should not be prejudged but they certainly gave danse for further publicity concerning them.

If all the money called for in legislacourse which has been followed by the five bills is appropriated the tampayers lederal board it will be possible for the will have reason to understand that the roads to show where the waste is, explain cost of living is going up with a whosp

WASHINGTON AFFAIRS

FIGURATION

WEEK ENDING FEB. 12th, 1921

IN 998

THE APPELIAL COUNCIL MERTING.

It will not be appreciated as a to be necessary and the country and at the vote of the president in the way of inferming the country and at the vote of the country and at the vote of the president in the way of inferming the country and at the vote of the president in the way of inferming the country and at the vote of the country and at the vote of the country and at the vote of the president in the way of inferming the country and at the vote of the president in the way of inferming the country and at the vote of the president and the president and the vote of the country and at the vote of the president and the president and the vote of Missing and the president and the vote of Missing and the president and the vote of Missing and the vote of the president and the vote of Missing and the vote of the president and the vote of Missing and the vote of the president and the vote of Missing and the vote of the president and the vote of Missing and the vote of the president and the vote of Missing and the vote of the president and the vote of Missing and the vote

mony and dignity but a new pace was see, in cutting out the noisy demonstrations that have invariably marked such occasions in the past, which ever party was the victor. The only possible near-sensation of the day passed by without even toughing the hem of the congressional garment. That was when Representative Tinkham proposed to challenge the vote of Alabama as a protest to the meanods of conducting elections in some southern states. But as it was a joint session such a protest must have the signature of both a senator and a member of congress, and Mr. Tinkham was unable to find a senator to make the sensational run with him, so Alabama a vote went into the hopper without a single need of grotest against it.

When Albert C. Gilbert, representing the toy manufacturers of the United States came before the ways and means congressive to urge a higher tariff on imported tows, he immediately opened his made of the committee. Instantity the twenty staid and learned gentlemen who complete the house, forgot their cares, perplexities and responsibilities and became so absorbed in the workings of mechanical toys, listle trains of cars, dolls, puziles and electric toys, that Mr. Gilbert remarked to Chairman Fordney. I guess I would have done better to present my argument before I presented the toys." and the the twenty gentlemen laughed and agreed with bins.

Mr. Gilbert asked for a 80 per cent duty under the present law. He urged the use of American made toys for children theread of those from Germany and Japan, not only on the ground of sood business but also from a sphrit of satriction, urging that children would have acceptained and spread to the form a sphrit of satriction, urging that children would have acceptained and spread country in

good business but also from a spirit of patriotism, urging that children would have patriotism and love of country in-stilled in their minds by such methods.

The dell representative stated that the wages here and abroad was the great reason a higher protective tariff is needed. The Jap doll expert gets \$3 cents a day in Japan—the dell expert in New Tork gets \$40 a week, said he—and that told the story in a few words. Like Mr. Gibert, he urged a higher tariff to pretect the industry.

in for what they can get out of it and nothing else, others enter for the general good time but with the intention of standing by it and putting into it whatever they are able.

Those who enter this country for what they can get out of it are well illustrated by the party of 208 Russians who are to return to the land they came from, carrying with them money and jewels to the amount of \$550,000. They have been in this country seven years, having come at a time when they avoided war service at home and when they got the benefit of unusual wage conditions in this country without being subject to the draft for war service here.

They have been in of others. Whether it can put through the crop value saved by them. An exitation that the saved in crops alone by the birds where the need for economy and increased revenue is not being sveriosked.

They have been in of others. Whether it can put through the crop value saved by them. An exitation to the deriment of others, whether it can put through the crop value saved by them. An exitation to the deriment of others, whether it can put through the crop value saved by them. An exitation the plan is therefore being watched with the plan is therefore being watched with the saved in crops alone by the birds where the need for economy and increased revenue is not being sveriosked.

They have been in this country watched with the plan is therefore being watched with the saved in crops alone by them. An exitation that the saved in crops alone by the birds where the need for economy and increased revenue is not being sveriosked.

They have been in this country watched with the plan is therefore being watched with the plan is the plan is therefore being watched with the plan is the plan is therefore being watched with the plan is the plan is therefore being watched with the plan is the plan is therefore being watched with the plan is plan is the plan is plan is the plan is plan is the plan is the plan is the plan is plan is the plan is plan is the plan is plan is plan is plan is plan is plan is fast that sportsmen were permitted to shost the birds I'vice a year, when they were going and coming from the south, no limit being set for the number which could be killed by hunters. Under the could be killed by hunters. Under the Meicean law no man is permitted to shoot more than 12 birds a day and then only in the fact, and there are other restrictions which protect the birds. Reports from states where the birds swam each year show that in 1819 approximately \$30,000,000 worth of ducks, and grees were killed during the fall shooting bas-

The committee having the matter in charge has consented to permit the memorial status of the granting of suffrage to women to be placed in the stype or basement floor of the captol. The stipulation that it should be presented in the name of the women of America and the name of the women of America and not in the name of the women's party and also that although it might be piaced in the retunds of the capitel for the hour of the brief presentation exementy it is to be immediately removed to the crypt. The women having the matter in marge accepted the penditions and the presentation ceremony will come off on schedule time. February 16. The women's party is said to be much disappointed both by the failure to secure the placement in the retunds or present it in the country in the matter in the country. As late as 1774 the "First Church" of Rozbury (Mass.) fined its members for not attending.

In 1750 the legislature of Massachus to terminate, after a useful exert, passed the law that "any versons while of body who shall absent themselves from public worship of God on the Lord's sented to any of the powers of Europe or

walcutine and evelope for a confirmation line arm.

Instead of the gloriously careless hand in which Nan wrote, a crabbed, backhand chirography greeted his eye. There was neither name nor initial, and yet the valentine itself was—Nan. Sm. Sm. Did and sweet, a liny heart bedecked with hoping for escape.

"Did I do what?" she answered, still hoping for escape.

"Did you "Think of the one who is thinking of you?" Under his umbrella the two stood close together.

"Answer me!" he repeated, and though the words were commanding, the tone was very gentle.

"You know! I always have, dear John." she answered! lifting her face to his. And though the storm raged about them, there was peace in two hearts.—

Exchange.

framed the bill. When it passed the house on its second attempt to win its way through Mr. Merritt took an active part in the debate and showed by figures light plant, which is located in Jewett City and now buys its power from a small steam plant located in Plainfield. The Jewett City plant applies street lighting for the house the day previous. Was at nost and sall alterations. the benefit of such a system of payments. The defeat of the bill when it came before the house the day previous, was largely owing to misunderstandings and not to opposition. The house met that day one hour earlier than is its custom and this fact was not known to some of the most ardent supporters of the measure who got to their statis too late to vote when their names were called. There were more than enough of such members () have handsomely carried the bill through. As it was it lost on that day by only two votes. When the bill came up the following day under a special rule, the majority in Ms favor was so pronounced that it was permitted to nave up the majority in Ms favor was so pronounced that it was permitted to nave itself the majority in Ms favor was so pronounced that it was permitted to nave itself the bill on the foor, just prior to its passage, Mr. Merritt said in part: "It is a business proposition."

call.

In discussing the bill on the floor, just prior to its passage, Mr. Merritt said in part: "It is a business proposition. It is going to be much cheaper and better for the government and the railroads to

came from. It is much the same way purposes in a manner unwarranted by the that people join organisations. Some go contribution they make in the way of the anti-spring chooting laws in the In the abstracts from Chapter 30, Section for what they can get out of it and

omplaint where now the only persons they can appeal is to the commission who regulates the charges. Does this seem

CITIZEN OF NORWICH. Norwich, Feb. 14, 1921.

If Wrong Sunday, Wrong Every Day. Mr. Editor: Having read in The Bul-letin of several prominent men from all parts of the state, elergymen amongst them, going to Hartford argung for the passage of the bill which would prohibit

wil; tend to make state Sunday laws more effective, Should this prove successful, what privileges will be allowed the American citizen under the law? Wast do past experiences teach? What lessons appli-

pasty is said to be much disappointed both by the failure to secure the placement in the rotunds or present it in the name of that organisation but the committee did not see its way to clear to nermit either. The fine arts commission has not given its approval of the statue but as it is to be placed in the crypt his committee waived that requirement.

As effect is being made is congress to authorize the fine for non-attendance at church. Again in 1821, a lady journey-ing the government to turn over in such of the 4s states as desire them, antomobiles, tractors and mobile about units needed for highway construction. Many states have already applied for such machines if the bill passes congress. It is believed considerable read construction will be passed along this speing, if machines can be procured, in order to give employment to thousands of the congression.

State Mighway Commissioner Brankit.

State Mighway Commissioner Rynnett.

State Mighway Commissioner Rynnett.

All the antity and and themselves from public worship of God on the Lord's day shall pay ten shillings fine. But the commission to have out the commission of the law was not suspended till 1772. Set the law was not require from and the law was not suspended till 1772. Set the law was not require from antitions with astonishment.

The appointment of Mr. Burlingame was not received with aver by the European courts, where it was interref than the "cradle of independence," a widow was fined for selling a few sticks of candiscent the important products of the first rank. Mr. Burlingame arrived in San Francisco on March 31, 1386, where he was received was not received with average over the other nations being the first park the f make a mistake. Study Romans 13th

thapter.

FRANK J. WENISCH.

Willimantic, Feb. 11.

Question Regarding Linght Plant Mr. Editer: I would like to inquire from some well informed interested person why the local electric light plant which has all new modern equipment, carefully selected and purchased by high they deem unjustified for the service performed, and yet the reads maintain that
creek should not be accepted as an exformed, and yet the reads maintain that
the object is not the foliation of wages
but the ending of waste. It is not to be
chances of obtaining leniency by making
but the ending of waste. It is not to be
chances of obtaining leniency by making
such a claim are not being overlocked.

There is merit to the guggestian of SecWinslew bill the antiportio the treating which has all now modern equipment,
department to make partial payment to
capacitate to make payment to
capac

VALENTINES

auto license, town tax, goil tax, gas and electric light bills, you have spent a dollar and fifty cents by the time you have earned one dollar.

THUNDER STRUCK

Norwich, Feb. 14, 1921,

ODD INCIDENTS IN AMERICAN HISTORY

EMBASSY FROM CHINA

VIBITS AMERICA One of the most important international events of President Johnson's administra-tion was the visit of the first Chinese embassy, which created a great amount of excitement in this country during the spring of 1858. It brought about a traity of commercial exchange and amity be-tween the two nations which has held

Melean law no man is permitted to shoot more than 12 birds x day and then only in the fat, and there are other restrictions which protect the birds. Reports from states where the birds ewam each year show that in 1819 approximately \$30,000,000 worth of duck, and geese were killed during the fall sheeting basing the value of the birds at 75 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts and the control of the birds at 75 conts at 15 conts cisco, Japan and China during the winter of that year. It was mainly through the good offices of Hon. Anson Burlingame that the Chinese delegates consented to come to America. Burdlingame had been a member of congress from Massachusetts during the 24th 25th and 35th accounts. sions, and was appointed minister to Austria early in Lincoin's administra-tion. But the Austrian government declined to receive him on account of his cordial attitude towards Louis Kessuth, the Hungarian patriot, when he visited this country, and his sympathy mani-

Brown, an English secretary, and E. Deschamps, a French secretary.

The embassy was received by the president of the United States in the blue

Girls! Girls!! Clear Your Skin With Cuticura copie mach (Houg, Olytonent, Teldow) of S

What a bot of them there were I Large to each and small one. Indirected and sentil the states and small one. Indirected and sentil the states are small one. Indirected and sentil the states are small one. In the small one of the small one o Used in Millions

is an everyday luxury in reach of all

som of the executive mansion on June 5. | the water, and have been known to

peror of China had so official ensign. The dragon was the symbol of the empire and yellow was the imperial color. Combining these two, Mr. Burlingame hastily designed a national flag which for the first time floated over the hotel in which he and his suite were quartered in San Francisco.

In New York and other and the state of the Florida waters. It frequently is found in fairly designed as the first time floated over the hotel in which he and his suite were quartered in San Francisco.

state and municipal governments.

A treaty of commerce and amity between the United States and China was very soon concluded and was ratified by the senate July 15, 1868. This new attithe senate July 15, 1868. This new attitude of China towards the western powers naturally attracted much attention
throughout the civilized world, and the
prejudice which had existed on the part
of the English press very soon disappeared when it was found that similar
tracties were to be negotiated with the
great European powers, and it came to
pass that England formally and openly
recognized the authority and obligations
of the supreme government of the Chiof the supreme government of the Chi-

ness empire.
The articles ratified in Washington in July became known as the Burlingame treaty. From America Mr. Burlingame proceeded with his Chinees associates to England in the fall of 1862 and visited various countries, making with each one a treaty similar to that with the United States, but before his work was finished, and while in St. Petersburg, early in 1870, he died of pneumonia after an ill-ness of but a few days.

(Tomorrow: Prisoners During the Revo-lution.)

INCOME TAX FACTS

to show on their personal returns incomof husband or wife up to the date of death. The income of a decedent is con-sidered separately, and a return must be filed by the executor or administrator of the estate. A decedent is entitled to ex-emption for the full taxable year, based upon his or her status as a single or mar-ried person at the time of death.

The status of a taxpayer on December 31, 1920, determines the amount of the exemptions. If on that day the taxpayer exemptions. If on that day the taxpayer was married, and living with husband or wife, claim may be made for the \$2,000 exemption. If single, or married, and not living with husband or wife on December 21, the exemption is only \$1,000. The taxpayers' statug on December 31 determines also his right to the exemption of \$2,000 as the head of a family. If on that date a single person was support-ing in his household one or more rela-tives, he is entitled to the exemption. If his support of such relatives ceased dur-ing the year he is entitled only to the \$1,000 exemption.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS

Pish in Miami Waters. What kind of fish could Senator Hard-ing casch in Miams waters?

A statement from the Manni Aquarium and Biological Loboratory creabilished to stury the Gulf Stream fish, gives a half dozen examples of the fish life, little known to fishermen in colder waters, to be found in the president-elect's fishing The Great Barracula, in soult size, is

a six-foot 86-pound "Sea Tiger," fierce and veracious as a shark. He is one of es most powerful swimmers and see most powerful parinters and distra-among the larger occun figh. He is not difficult to book, for he strikes at any-thing moving in the sea, but once on the hook pass up a long game fight. The flesh of Barragudan is not considered ledi-ble in Florida although in Porto Rico

The Sailfieb is one of the most far The Salified is one of the most fantastic of the larger warm water fishes.

An extravagantly large fin along almost
its either back gives w its name. As in
the case of the Swordfiels was upper taw
is extended forming a sharp, bony, spearlike projection. It attains a length of
fix feet-or more, weight up to 130 pounds
and is a powerful naplid switchmer. Salifielt sometimes jump many feet out of

the water, and have been known to threw themselves imp beats. Their fiesh is considered non-edible.

The Rock Hard or Spotted Grouper is a guedity colored member of the sea base family. But like a chameleon it can change its colors. In brilliant spots fade to drash splotches leaving a char acteristically camouflaged background of gray and green streaks. Full grown specimens weigh up to 100 pounds.

The Amber-lacks are trim, deep-bodied fish—more shapely than most of the other big game fishes of Florida waters. They reach weights up to 100 pounds and lengths of 5 or six feet. Though edible, their fiesh is not highly prized.

The Tarpon, persians the best known of the large game fishes, attains lengths about ext feet and weight up to 205 pounds. When hooked it puts up a spectacular fight, jumping from the water

up-to-date, "thoroughly American" foli-it reaches a length up to two and a half feet and weighs up to 30 pounds.

Gleaned from Foreign Ex-

changes. For working more than seven hours underground a collier was summoned at Pontypoel pelice court. The solocitor for the colliery company said that the summons was not taken to reduce production, but to show miners that it was illegal to work two shifts a day. Permission was given to withdraw the summons.

Gas Price Increased.—Gas supplied by the Gas Light and Coke Company. to

Gas Price Increased.—Gas supplied by the Gas Light and Coke Company, to over \$50,000 consumers in and around London, will be "forthwith" increased in price by 10d. per 1,000 cubic feet. One of the main reasons for the increase, says the company, is "the tremendous slump in the price of export coke." The new price is 5s. 5d. per 1,000 cubic feet.

Team Golf.—Except to those who regard golf as a solemn rite the new team game will come as a pleasing nowelly.

gard goif as a solomn rite the new team game will come as a pleasing novelty. There are generally six aside, men and wamen, and each player handles only she club. The holder of the driver takes the shots, the proprietor of the putter dees all the work on the green, and the brassle, cleek, mushle and niblick are himilarly distributed. Which club shall be used when there is any doubt is decided by the captain of the side. The scheme offers obvious advantages to the player who (as is often the case) is expert in one department of the game and a duffer in others. n others.

all.

In discussing the bill on the floor, but prior to its passage, Mr. Merritt salds in part. "It is a business proposition, it is spling to be much cheaper and better for the government and the relironate step that the resimple depropriate that the relironate step that the statement management with step that the statement of religion in 1920 shean in 1931 sm, and gain and electrical machinery we have the come self-supporting, and whose parents allow the state specially affected in the prior which he seiks the state specially affected in the prior which he seeks the third that the disastished tax-payers buy the commissioners an either chance as they are learning every day, would suggest that the disastished tax-payers buy the commissioners an either chance as they are learning every day, would suggest that the disastished tax-payers buy the commissioners an either chance in the paying your should save half of it." But what the shatracts from Chapter 30, Section 502 to 506 and Section 550 to 556 and Section 550 to

Charles G. Dawes



Frequently mentioned for Secre tary of the Treasury in the Harding

To Cure a Cold in One Day

At This Time We Will-Stand a Loss on Several Hundred Tons of High-Grade Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal.

EGG \$15.50 - STOVE \$15.50 -NUT \$15.50 - No. 2 NUT \$13.50 ADDITIONAL 50c IF CARRIED IN.

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